

Mat 1 I1 komputer reinter

1 $z^3 = -8i \xrightarrow{\text{POLARNI ZAPIS}} 8 \cdot e^{i \frac{3\pi}{2}} \Rightarrow z = \sqrt[3]{8} \cdot e^{i \left(\frac{3\pi/2 + 2k\pi}{3} \right)}$ za $k = 0, 1, 2$

$z = 2 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2k\pi}{3} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2k\pi}{3} \right) \right)$

 $\varphi = \frac{3\pi}{2}$
 $r = |-8i| = 8$

2 $f(x) = \ln(e^x - 1)$, $D_f: e^x - 1 > 0 \Leftrightarrow e^x > 1 \Leftrightarrow x > 0$, torej $D_f = (0, \infty)$

• nulto: $f(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow e^x - 1 = 1 \Leftrightarrow x = \ln 2$

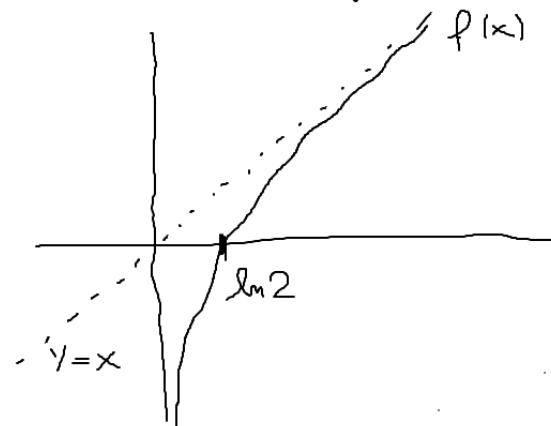
• $\lim_{x \downarrow 0} \ln(e^x - 1) = -\infty$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln(e^x - 1) = \infty$

• asimptota $y = ax + b$? $a = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} \xrightarrow{\text{L'HOP}} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{e^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-x}} = 1$

$b = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - ax = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln(e^x - 1) - x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln(e^x - 1) - \ln(e^x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(\frac{e^x - 1}{e^x} \right) = \ln 1 = 0$

• $f' = \frac{e^x}{e^x - 1} > 0$ za $x > 0$, torej f povečuje narašča in nima st. točk

3  $\sin \alpha = \frac{b}{r}$
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{a}{r}$



minimiziramo $f(x) = \ln(e^x - 1)$ doline doline pri točki α

$= x + y = \frac{b}{\sin \alpha} + \frac{a}{\cos \alpha}$

$f' = \frac{-b \cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} + \frac{a \sin \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{a \sin^3 \alpha - b \cos^3 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}$, $f' = 0 \Leftrightarrow a \sin^3 \alpha = b \cos^3 \alpha$
 $\Leftrightarrow \tan^3 \alpha = \frac{b}{a}$
 $\Leftrightarrow \alpha_0 = \arctan \sqrt[3]{\frac{b}{a}}$

$\Rightarrow f(\alpha_0) = \frac{b}{\sin \alpha_0^3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{b}{a}}} + \frac{a}{\cos \alpha_0^3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{b}{a}}}$

4 $\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots$ $e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$
 $\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \dots$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(x^4) - e^{x^4}}{\sin(x^4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(1 - \frac{x^8}{2!} + \frac{x^{16}}{4!} - \dots \right) - \left(1 + x^4 + \frac{x^8}{2!} + \frac{x^{12}}{3!} + \dots \right)}{x^4 - \frac{x^{12}}{3!} + \frac{x^{20}}{5!} - \dots}$

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\frac{3}{2}x^4 + x^4 \left(\frac{1}{4!} + \frac{1}{2!} \right) + \dots}{x^4 \left(1 - \frac{x^8}{3!} + \frac{x^{16}}{5!} - \dots \right)} = \frac{-3/2}{1}$